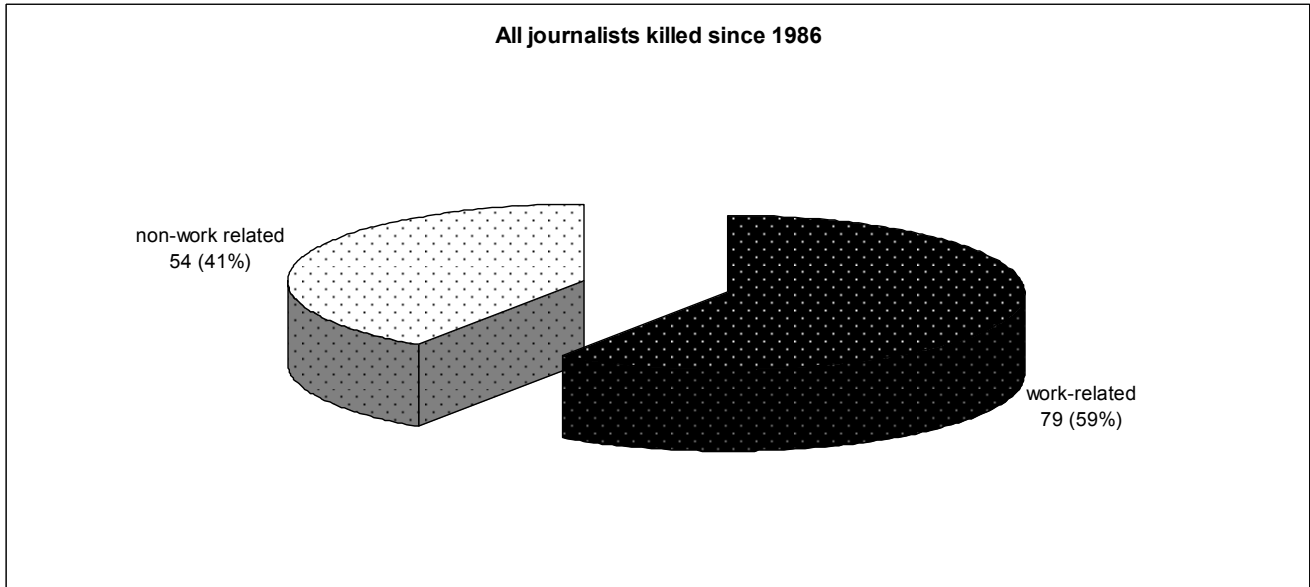
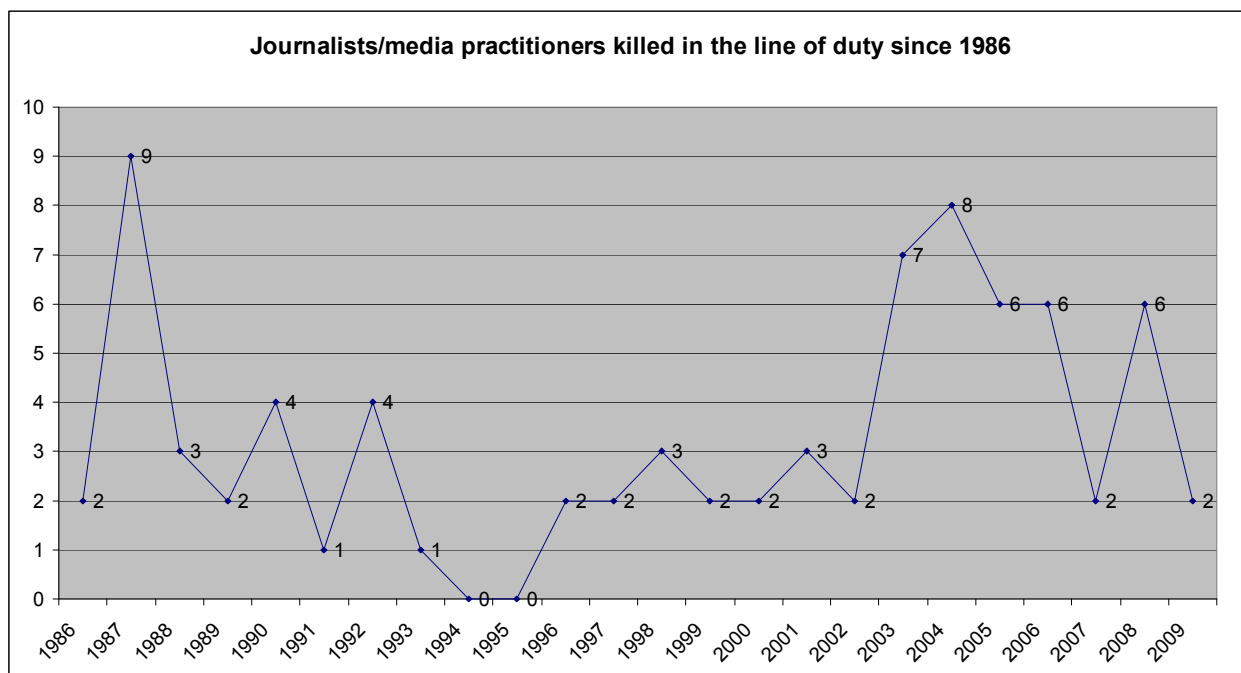


CMFR DATABASE ON THE KILLING OF JOURNALISTS/MEDIA PRACTITIONERS IN THE PHILIPPINES SINCE 1986* (Updated as of July 2009)

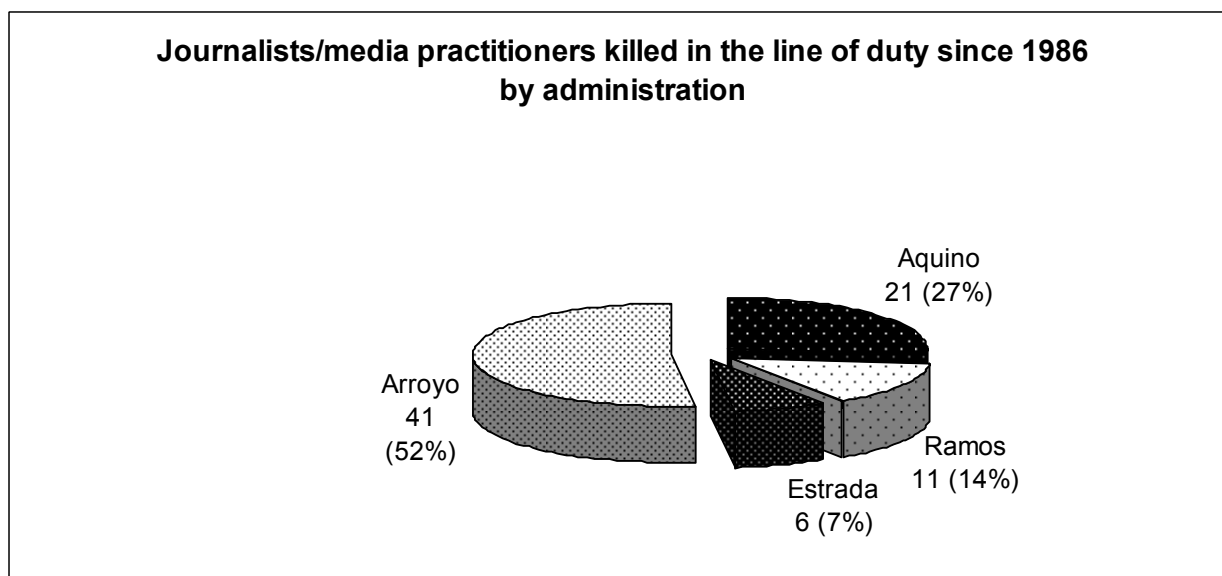


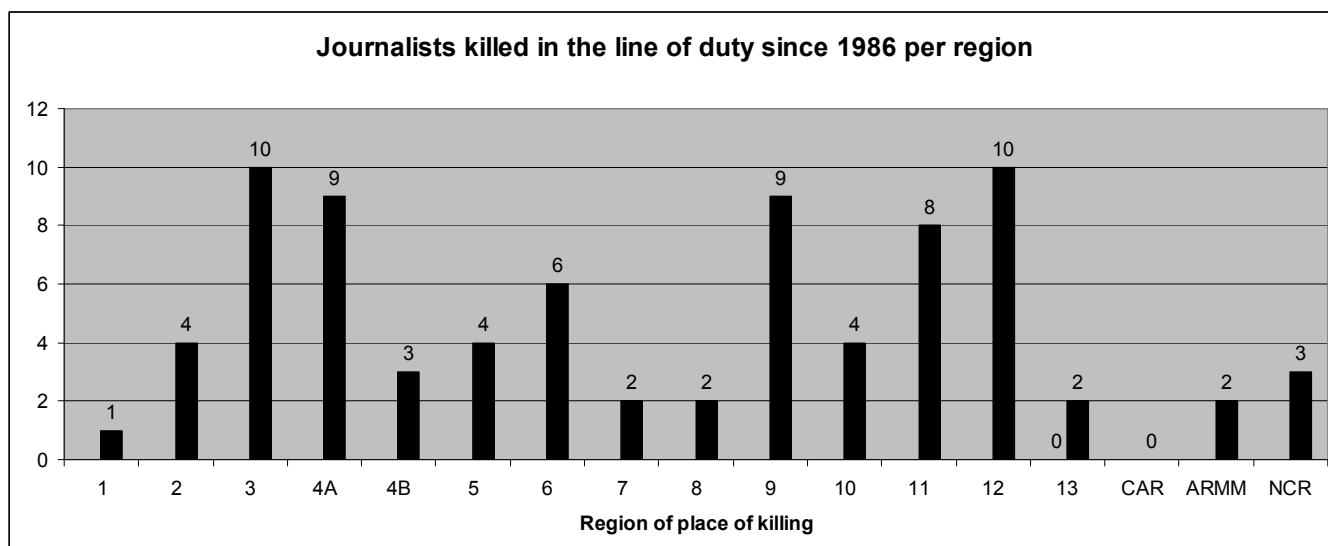
The Center for Media Freedom and Responsibility (CMFR) recorded 133 cases of killing of Filipino journalists/media practitioners since 1986.

*More detailed information may be accessed at http://www.cmfr-phil.org/map/index_inline.html.



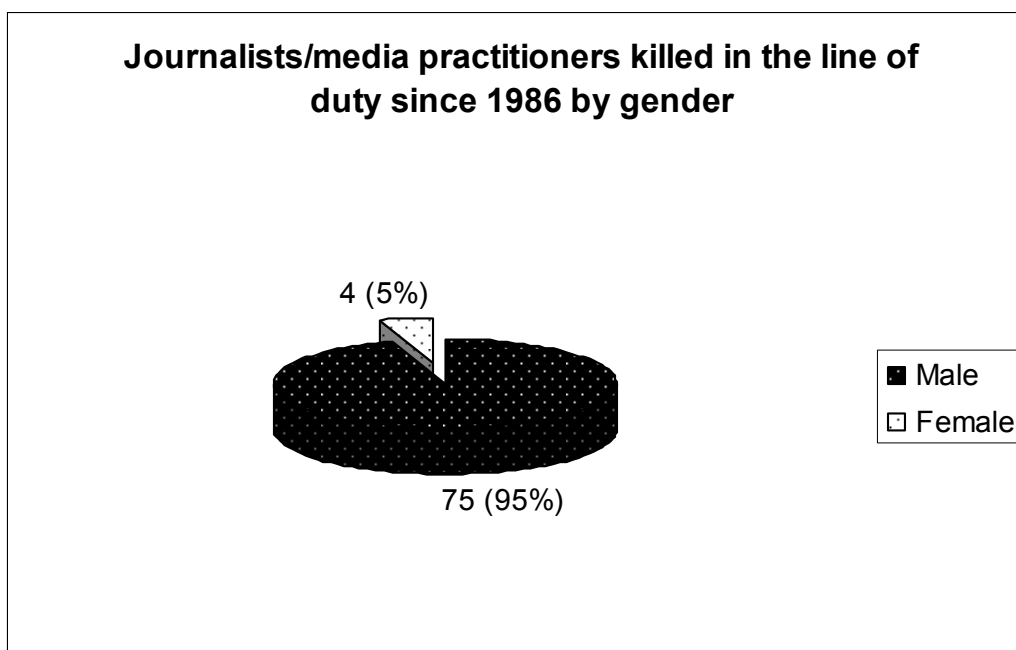
Of the 133 journalists/media practitioners killed since 1986, 79 were killed because of their work. Forty-one out of the 79 work-related cases happened during the Arroyo administration (February 2001 – present).



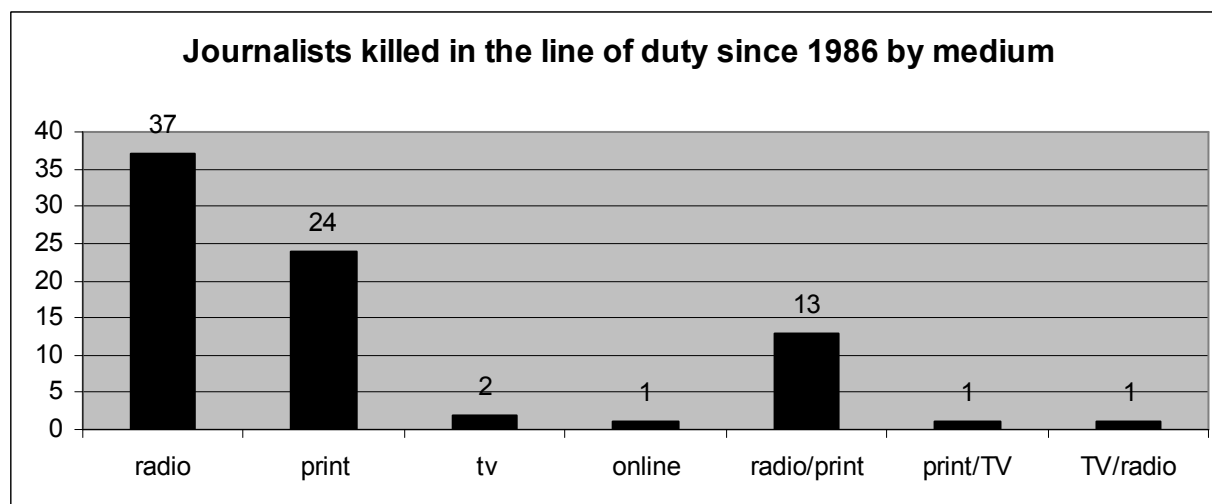


Most of the journalists killed in the line of duty since 1986 were based in the provinces. Region 3 and Region 12 registered the most number (10 each) of work-related killing of journalists since 1986.

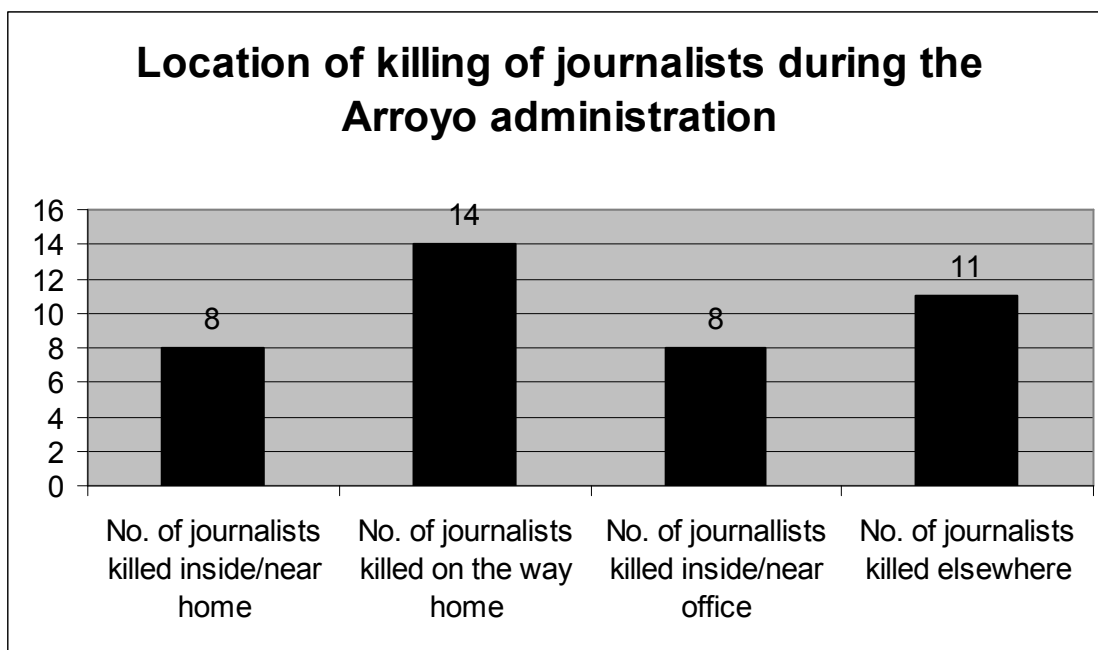




Seventy-five (almost 95 percent) of the 79 journalists killed in the line of duty since 1986 were male.



Most of the journalists killed in the line of duty worked solely for radio (37 of the 79 or almost 47 percent), followed by those who worked for print (24). In 2008, five out of the six journalists slain in line of duty worked as anchor/commentator for a local radio station.



Most journalists killed in the line of duty since 2001 were on their way home (14 out of the 79 or 34 percent).